INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT AND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2020

### TABLE OF C O N T E N T S

	Page
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT	1 – 2
BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS:	
Government-Wide Financial Statements	
Statement of Net Position Statement of Activities	3 4
Fund Financial Statements	
Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds	5
Reconciliation of Total Governmental Fund Balance to Net Position of Governmental Activities	6
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance - Governmental Funds	7
Reconciliation of Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance of Governmental Funds to the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position	8
Statement of Net Position - Proprietary Funds	9
Statement of Revenue, Expense and Changes in Fund Net Assets - Proprietary Funds	10
Statement of Cash Flow - Proprietary Funds	11
Notes to Financial Statements Required Supplementary Information	12 – 22
Statement of Revenue, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance Budget and Actual - General Fund	23
INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENT PERFORMED IN	
ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS	24 - 25
Schedule of Findings	26

## BRYANT L. JOLLEY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bryant L. Jolley C.P.A. Ryan P. Jolley C.P.A. Darryl L. Smith C.P.A. Luis A. Perez C.P.A. Lan T. Kimoto John P. Burt

#### **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors Biola Community Services District

#### **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Biola Community Services District (District), as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal controls relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Biola Community Services District, as of June 30, 2020, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Other Matters**

#### Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information on page 23 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. Our opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated May 20, 2021 on our consideration of the Biola Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting are porting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the District's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

"und for

May 20, 2021

# STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2020

	vernmental Activities	iness-Type Activities	Total
ASSETS			
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 766,476	\$ 766,476
Accounts receivable, net	442,314	132,802	575,116
Accrued interest receivable	735	2,505	3,240
Prepaid expenses	5,976	17,765	23,741
Due from other governmental agencies	-	12,024	12,024
Internal balances	(324,966)	324,966	-
Capital assets (net of allowance			
for depreciation)	 1,869,386	 3,375,433	 5,244,819
Total assets	 1,993,445	 4,631,971	 6,625,416
LIABILITIES			
Accounts payable and accrued expense	462,930	74,704	537,634
Deposits	600	13,386	13,986
Long-term liabilities			
Due within one year	-	10,169	10,169
Due in more than one year	 	 53,100	 53,100
Total liabilities	 463,530	 151,359	 614,889
NET POSITION			
Net investment in capital assets	1,869,386	3,312,164	5,181,550
Unrestricted/(deficit)	(339,471)	1,168,448	828,977
Total net position	\$ 1,529,915	\$ 4,480,612	\$ 6,010,527

#### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

						 Net Revenue/(I	Expe	ense) and Changes	in N	et Position
			Program Revenue			Primary Government				
			 Charges for		Capital Grants and	 Governmental		Business-Type		
Functions/Programs	E	Expense	 Services		Contributions	 Activities		Activities		Total
Primary Government										
Governmental activities										
General government	\$	186,017	\$ -	\$	1,142,888	\$ 956,871	\$		\$	956,871
Total governmental activities		186,017	 -		1,142,888	 956,871		-		956,871
Business-type activities										
Water		246,863	224,118		17,322	-		(5,423)		(5,423)
Waste Disposal		372,297	 290,557		51,810	 		(29,930)		(29,930)
Total business-type activities		619,160	 514,675		69,132	 		(35,353)		(35,353)
Total primary government	\$	805,177	\$ 514,675	\$	1,212,020	 956,871		(35,353)		921,518
General Revenues										
Property taxes						48,360		-		48,360
Special assessments						7,244		-		7,244
Interest revenue						7,525		9,823		17,348
Rents						27,990		-		27,990
Other revenue						 1,233		-		1,233
Total general revenues						 92,352		9,823		102,175
Change in Net Position						1,049,223		(25,530)		1,023,693
Net Position						400 (00		4 50 ( 140		4.006.024
Beginning of year						 480,692		4,506,142	-	4,986,834
End of year						\$ 1,529,915	\$	4,480,612	\$	6,010,527

### **BALANCE SHEET – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020**

	General Fund
ASSETS	
Current assets	
Accrued interest receivable	\$ 735
Due from other governmental agencies	442,314
Prepaid expenses	5,976
Total assets	\$ 449,025
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCE	
Liabilities	
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$ 462,930
Deposits	600
Due to other fund	324,966
Total liabilities	788,496
Fund Balance	
Unassigned	(339,471)
Total fund balance	(339,471)
Total liabilities and fund balance	\$ 449,025

#### RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2020

Total governmental fund balances	\$ (339,471)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and therefore are not reported in the funds	 1,869,386
Net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,529,915

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE – GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Ge ne ral Fund
Revenue	
Property taxes	\$ 48,360
Special assessments	7,244
Intergovernmental	1,142,888
Interest revenue	7,525
Rents	27,990
Other revenues	1,233
Total revenue	1,235,240
Expenditures	
Personnel	31,178
Contract services	4,400
License and fees	4,287
Maintenance and repairs	14,383
Professional services	16,381
Telephone and communications	1,454
Insurance	3,284
Office expense	7,967
Utilities	10,696
Membership and publications	293
Other expenses	2,764
Capital outlay	1,197,282
Total expenditures	1,294,369
Revenue over/(under) expenditures	(59,129)
Net Change in Fund Balance	(59,129)
Fund Balance	
Beginning of year	(280,342)
End of year	<u>\$ (339,471</u> )

#### RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET POSITION YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Net change in fund balance - total governmental funds	\$ (59,129)
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because:	
Depreciation expense on capital assets is reported in the Statement of Activities, but it does not require the use of current financial resources. Therefore, depreciation expense is not recorded as an expenditure in Governmental Funds	(88,930)
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense.	 1,197,282
Change in net position of governmental activities	\$ 1,049,223

#### **STATEMENT OF NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2020**

	В	usiness-Tvn	e A	ctivities - Ent	e rori	se Funds
		Water		Waste Disposal		Total roprietary Funds
ASSETS						
Current assets						
Cash and investments	\$	755,430	\$	11,046	\$	766,476
Accounts receivable, net		64,682		68,120		132,802
Accrued interest receivable		2,505		-		2,505
Prepaid expenses		6,844		10,921		17,765
Due from other governmental agencies		4,929		7,095		12,024
Due from other funds		324,966		-		324,966
Total current assets		1,159,356		97,182		1,256,538
Non-current assets						
Property, plant and equipment						
(net of allowance for depreciation)		1,769,965		1,605,468		3,375,433
Total noncurrent assets		1,769,965		1,605,468		3,375,433
Total assets		2,929,321		1,702,650		4,631,971
LIABILITIES						
Current liabilities						
Accounts payable and accrued expense		46,139		28,565		74,704
Deposits		13,386		-		13,386
Current portion of long-term debt		8,850		1,319		10,169
Total current liabilities		68,375		29,884		98,259
Noncurrent Liabilities						
Long-term debt		53,100		-		53,100
Total liabilities		121,475		29,884		151,359
NET POSITION						
Net investment in capital assets		1,708,015		1,604,149		3,312,164
Unrestricted		1,099,831		68,617		1,168,448
Total net position	\$	2,807,846	\$	1,672,766	\$	4,480,612
rotarnet position	ψ	2,007,040	Ψ	1,072,700	Ψ	7,700,012

#### STATEMENT OF REVENUE, EXPENSE, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION – PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

Total           Water         Disposal         Proprietary Funds           Operating Revenue           Charges for services $$ 224,118$ $$ 290,557$ $$ 514,675$ Operating Expense           Personnel         42,122         42,567         84,689           Contract services         30.968         123,868         154,836           License and fees         5,878         20,154         26,032           Maintenance and repairs         15,733         22,986         38,719           Professional services         24,178         32,064         56,242           Telephone and communications         3,454         4,181         7,035           Insurance         5,329         6,451         11,780           Office expense         2,442         2,855         5,297           Supplies and tools         1,525         45         1,570           Utilities         28,014         30,029         58,043           Memberships and publications         697         844         1,541           Depreciation expense         246,706         372,297         619,003           Operating income/(loss)         (22,588)         (81,740		Bu	siness-Type	<u>A</u> cti	vities - Ente	erpri	ise Funds
Water         Disposal         Funds           Operating Revenue         \$ 224,118         \$ 290,557         \$ 514,675           Total operating revenue         224,118         \$ 290,557         \$ 514,675           Operating Expense         224,118         290,557         \$ 514,675           Personnel         42,122         42,567         84,689           Contract services         300,668         123,868         154,836           License and fees         5,878         20,154         26,032           Maintenance and repairs         15,733         22,986         38,719           Professional services         24,178         32,064         56,242           Telephone and communications         3,454         4,181         7,635           Insurance         5,329         6,451         11,780           Office expense         2,442         2,855         5,297           Supplies and tools         1,525         45         1,570           Utilities         28,014         30,029         58,043           Memberships and publications         6697         844         1,541           Depreciation expense         246,706         372,297         619,003           Operating income/(los							Total
Operating Revenue $\frac{1}{224,118}$ $\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{224,118}$ Charges for services $\frac{1}{224,118}$ $\frac{290,557}{290,557}$ $\frac{5}{514,675}$ Operating Expense $\frac{1}{224,118}$ $\frac{290,557}{290,557}$ $\frac{5}{514,675}$ Operating Expense $\frac{1}{224,118}$ $\frac{290,557}{290,557}$ $\frac{5}{514,675}$ Operating Expense $\frac{4}{2,122}$ $42,567$ $84,689$ Contract services $30,968$ $123,868$ $154,836$ License and fees $5,878$ $20,154$ $26,032$ Maintenance and repairs $15,733$ $22,986$ $38,719$ Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ Telephone and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,635$ Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating income/(bass) $(22,588)$					Waste	Pı	roprietary
Charges for services         \$ $224,118$ \$ $290,557$ \$ $514,675$ Total operating revenue $224,118$ $220,557$ \$ $514,675$ Operating Expense          224,118 $220,557$ \$ $514,675$ Operating Expense $42,122$ $42,567$ $84,689$ $0.0968$ $123,868$ $154,836$ License and fees $5,878$ $20,154$ $26032$ $38,719$ Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ $72,896$ $38,719$ Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ $72,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,655$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $88,043$ $30,029$ $88,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ $0.622,533$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ $9,82$			Water	]	Disposal		Funds
Total operating revenue         224,118         290,557         514,675           Operating Expense         Personnel         42,122         42,567         84,689           Contract services         30,968         123,868         154,836           License and fees         5,878         20,154         26,032           Maintenance and repairs         15,733         22,986         38,719           Professional services         24,178         32,064         56,242           Telephone and communications         3,454         4,181         7,635           Insurance         2,442         2,855         5,297           Supplies and tools         1,525         45         1,570           Utilities         28,014         30,029         58,043           Memberships and publications         697         844         1,541           Depreciation expense         246,706         372,297         619,003           Operating income/(loss)         (22,588)         (81,740)         (104,328)           Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)         9,823         -         9,823           Interest income         9,823         -         9,666           Vel position         12,922         (81,740)         (94	Operating Revenue						
Operating Expense           Personnel         42,122         42,567         84,689           Contract services         30,968         123,868         154,836           License and fees         5,878         20,154         26,032           Maintenance and repairs         15,733         22,986         38,719           Professional services         24,178         32,064         56,242           Telephone and communications         3,454         4,181         7,635           Insurance         5,329         6,451         11,780           Office expense         2,442         2,855         5,297           Supplies and tools         1,525         45         1,570           Utilities         28,014         30,029         58,043           Memberships and publications         697         844         1,541           Depreciation expense         246,706         372,297         619,003           Operating income/(loss)         (22,588)         (81,740)         (104,328)           Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)         9,823         9,823         9,823           Interest income         9,823         9,823         9,823           Interest expense         (157)         (157)	Charges for services	\$	224,118	\$	290,557	\$	514,675
Personnel       42,122       42,567       84,689         Contract services       30,968       123,868       154,836         License and fees       5,878       20,154       26,032         Maintenance and repairs       15,733       22,986       38,719         Professional services       24,178       32,064       56,242         Telephone and communications       3,454       4,181       7,635         Insurance       5,329       6,451       11,780         Office expense       2,442       2,855       5,297         Supplies and tools       1,525       45       1,570         Utilities       28,014       30,029       58,043         Memberships and publications       697       844       1,541         Depreciation expense       26,666       86,253       172,619         Total operating expense       246,706       372,297       619,003         Operating income/(loss)       (22,588)       (81,740)       (104,328)         Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)       9,823       -       9,823         Interest income       9,823       -       9,823         Interest expense       (157)       -       (157)         Total non	Total operating revenue		224,118		290,557		514,675
Contract services $30,968$ $123,868$ $154,836$ License and fees $5,878$ $20,154$ $26,032$ Maintenance and repairs $15,733$ $22,986$ $38,719$ Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ Telephone and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,635$ Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss)       ( $22,588$ ( $81,740$ )       ( $104,328$ )         Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ $ (157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) <td>Operating Expense</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	Operating Expense						
License and fees $5,878$ $20,154$ $26,032$ Maintenance and repairs $15,733$ $22,986$ $38,719$ Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ Telephone and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,635$ Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,2619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss)( $22,588$ ) $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest income $9,923$ $ 9,823$ Interest income $9,9666$ $ 9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$			42,122		42,567		84,689
Maintenance and repairs $15,733$ $22,986$ $38,719$ Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ Telephone and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,635$ Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss)       ( $22,588$ )       ( $81,740$ )       ( $104,328$ )         Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense       ( $1157$ )       -       ( $157$ )         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       ( $12,922$ )       ( $81,740$ )       ( $94,662$ )         Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$	Contract services		30,968		123,868		154,836
Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ Telephone and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,635$ Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss) $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ - $(157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$	License and fees		5,878		20,154		26,032
Professional services $24,178$ $32,064$ $56,242$ Telephone and communications $3,454$ $4,181$ $7,635$ Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss) $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ - $(157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$	Maintenance and repairs		15,733		22,986		38,719
Insurance $5,329$ $6,451$ $11,780$ Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss)( $22,588$ )( $81,740$ )( $104,328$ )Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ $ 9,823$ Interest expense( $157$ ) $-$ ( $157$ )Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ $-$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions( $12,922$ )( $81,740$ )( $94,662$ )Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ ( $29,930$ )( $25,530$ )Net Position $8,93,446$ $1,702,696$ $4,506,142$	-		24,178		32,064		56,242
Office expense $2,442$ $2,855$ $5,297$ Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss) $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $(157)$ - $(157)$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ - $(157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $2,803,446$ $1,702,696$ $4,506,142$	Telephone and communications		3,454		4,181		7,635
Supplies and tools $1,525$ $45$ $1,570$ Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss) $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ - $(157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $2,803,446$ $1,702,696$ $4,506,142$	Insurance		5,329		6,451		11,780
Utilities $28,014$ $30,029$ $58,043$ Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss) $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ - $(157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $86,346$ $1,702,696$ $4,506,142$	Office expense		2,442		2,855		5,297
Memberships and publications $697$ $844$ $1,541$ Depreciation expense $86,366$ $86,253$ $172,619$ Total operating expense $246,706$ $372,297$ $619,003$ Operating income/(loss) $(22,588)$ $(81,740)$ $(104,328)$ Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense) $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest income $9,823$ - $9,823$ Interest expense $(157)$ - $(157)$ Total nonoperating revenue/(expense) $9,666$ - $9,666$ Net income/(loss) before capital contributions $(12,922)$ $(81,740)$ $(94,662)$ Capital Contributions $17,322$ $51,810$ $69,132$ Change in Net Position $4,400$ $(29,930)$ $(25,530)$ Net Position $2,803,446$ $1,702,696$ $4,506,142$	Supplies and tools		1,525		45		1,570
Depreciation expense       86,366       86,253       172,619         Total operating expense       246,706       372,297       619,003         Operating income/(loss)       (22,588)       (81,740)       (104,328)         Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)       9,823       -       9,823         Interest income       9,823       -       9,823         Interest expense       (157)       -       (157)         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666       -       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Utilities		28,014		30,029		58,043
Total operating expense       246,706       372,297       619,003         Operating income/(loss)       (22,588)       (81,740)       (104,328)         Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)       9,823       -       9,823         Interest income       9,823       -       9,823         Interest expense       (157)       -       (157)         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666       -       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Memberships and publications		697		844		1,541
Operating income/(loss)       (22,588)       (81,740)       (104,328)         Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)       9,823       -       9,823         Interest income       9,823       -       9,823         Interest expense       (157)       -       (157)         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666       -       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Depreciation expense		86,366		86,253		172,619
Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)         Interest income       9,823         Interest expense       (157)         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)         Capital Contributions       17,322         Change in Net Position       4,400         Beginning of year       2,803,446         1,702,696       4,506,142	Total operating expense		246,706		372,297		619,003
Interest income       9,823       -       9,823         Interest expense       (157)       -       (157)         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666       -       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Operating income/(loss)		(22,588)		(81,740)		(104,328)
Interest expense       (157)       -       (157)         Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666       -       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Nonoperating Revenue/(Expense)						
Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)       9,666       -       9,666         Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Interest income		9,823		-		9,823
Net income/(loss) before capital contributions       (12,922)       (81,740)       (94,662)         Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Interest expense		(157)		-		(157)
Capital Contributions       17,322       51,810       69,132         Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Total nonoperating revenue/(expense)		9,666		<u> </u>		9,666
Change in Net Position       4,400       (29,930)       (25,530)         Net Position       2,803,446       1,702,696       4,506,142	Net income/(loss) before capital contributions		(12,922)		(81,740)		(94,662)
Net Position           Beginning of year         2,803,446         1,702,696         4,506,142	Capital Contributions		17,322		51,810		69,132
Beginning of year         2,803,446         1,702,696         4,506,142	Change in Net Position		4,400		(29,930)		(25,530)
	Net Position						
End of year \$ 2,807,846 \$ 1,672,766 \$ 4,480,612	Beginning of year		2,803,446		1,702,696		4,506,142
	End of year	\$	2,807,846	\$	1,672,766	\$	4,480,612

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOW - PROPRIETARY FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Business-Ty	pe Activities - Ent	erprise Funds		
		Waste	Total Business-		
	Water	Disposal	Type Funds		
Operating Activities					
Receipts from customers and users	\$ 185,386	\$ 253,502	\$ 438,888		
Payments for goods and services	(98,529	) (240,372)	(338,901)		
Payments to/for employees	(42,122	) (42,567)	(84,689)		
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	44,735	(29,437)	15,298		
Non-capital Financial Activities					
Received from/(paid to) other funds	(35,783	)	(35,783)		
Net cash provided by (used in)					
noncapital financing activities	(35,783	)	(35,783)		
Capital and Related Financing Activities					
Capital contributions received	29,871	60,790	90,661		
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	(21,886	) (30,148)	(52,034)		
Principal paid on long-term debt	(8,850				
Interest paid on long-term debt	(157	)	(157)		
Net cash provided by (used in) capital and related financing activities	(1,022	)28,084	27,062		
Investing Activities					
Interest received	9,823		9,823		
Net cash provided by investing activities	9,823		9,823		
Net Increase/(Decrease) in Cash and Investments	17,753	(1,353)	16,400		
Cash and Investments					
Beginning of year	737,677	12,399	750,076		
End of year	\$ 755,430	\$ 11,046	\$ 766,476		
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ (22,588	) \$ (81,740)	\$ (104,328)		
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss)					
to net cash provided (used) by operating activities:	0/ 0//	06.050	170 (10		
Depreciation expense	86,366	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	172,619		
(Increase) Decrease in Accounts Receivable, net	(40,514				
(Increase) Decrease in Prepaid Expenses Increase (Decrease) in Deposits	(1,583 1,782		(6,135) 1,782		
Increase (Decrease) in Deposits Increase (Decrease) in Accounts Payable	1,/82	-	1,/82		
and Accrued Expense	21,272	7,657	28,929		
		.,001			

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The financial statements of Biola Community Services District (the District) have been prepared in conformity with Accounting Principles Generally Accepted in the United States of America (GAAP) as applicable to governmental entities. The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is the accepted standard setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles.

#### **Reporting Entity**

The Biola Community Services District is a public entity organized under the provisions of Section 6100, Title 6 of the California Government Code and supplies its consumers with water, waste disposal, storm drain, community center and street light services in the unincorporated community of Biola in the County of Fresno. The District is governed by an elected five-member Board of Directors.

The District does not have a relationship with any other related activities, organizations or functions of government which should be included in the financial reporting entity of the District as required by GASB Statement No. 14, "The Financial Reporting Entity".

#### **Basis of Presentation – Fund Accounting**

**Government-Wide Financial Statements** - The Government-Wide Financial Statements (the Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position) report information of all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. Eliminations have been made to minimize the double counting of internal activities. These statements distinguish between the governmental and business-type activities of the District. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely significantly on fees charged to external parties.

The Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Position presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each segment of the business-type activities of the District and for each function of the District's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include 1) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular program. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Net position is restricted when constraints placed on them are either externally imposed or are imposed by constitutional provisions or enabling legislation. Internally imposed designations of resources are not presented as restricted Net position. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, generally, it is the District's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

**Governmental Fund Financial Statements** - The Governmental Fund Financial Statements provide information about the District's funds. Separate statements for each fund category - governmental and proprietary - are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental and enterprise funds, each displayed in a separate column.

Proprietary fund operating revenues, such as charges for services, result from exchange transactions associated with the principal activity of the fund. Exchange transactions are those in which each party receives and gives up essentially equal values. Non-operating revenues, such as investment earnings, result from non-exchange transactions.

The District reports the following major governmental fund:

*General Fund* – The General Fund is the general operating fund of the District and is always classified as a major fund. It is used for all financial resources except those required legally, or by sound financial management to be accounted for in another fund.

#### **Basis of Accounting**

The Government-Wide and Proprietary Fund Financial Statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place. Nonexchange transactions, in which the District gives (or receives) value without directly receiving (or giving) equal value in exchange, include property taxes, grants, entitlements and donations. On an accrual basis, revenue from property taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied. Revenues from grants, entitlements and donations are recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligible requirements have been satisfied.

Governmental Funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. Property taxes, interest, certain state and federal grants and charges for services are accrued when their receipt occurs within sixty days after the end of the accounting period so as to be both measurable and available. Expenditures are generally recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences and claims and judgments are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of general long-term debt and capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

Proprietary Funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from non-operating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a Proprietary Fund's principal ongoing operations. Revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as non-operating.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **Financial Statement Amounts**

*Cash and Investments* – Substantially all of the District's cash is invested in interest bearing accounts. The District considers all highly liquid investments with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

The District maintains a cash and investment pool that is available for use by all funds. Interest earnings as a result of this pooling are distributed to the appropriate funds based on month end cash balances in each fund.

*Accounts Receivable* – The District bills for services on a cycle billing method. Cycle billing results in an amount of services rendered but not yet billed at year-end. The District has recorded this revenue by estimating the unbilled amount. The estimate was calculated by using the billings subsequent to the financial statement date (June 30) and calculating the amount of service provided prior to June 30. This calculated amount is included within accounts receivable as part of the customer accounts balances along with billed but unpaid services. An allowance for doubtful accounts is provided to account for potentially uncollectible amounts.

Fresno County is responsible for the assessment, collection and apportionment of property taxes for all taxing jurisdictions. Property taxes are levied in equal installments on November 1 and February 1. They become delinquent on December 10 and April 10, respectively. The lien date is March 1 of each year. Property taxes are accounted for in the General Fund. Property tax revenues are recognized when they become measurable and available to finance current liabilities. The District considers property taxes as available if they are collected within 60 days after year end. Property tax on the unsecured roll are due on the March 1 lien date and become delinquent if unpaid on August 31. However, unsecured property taxes are not susceptible to year end accrual.

*Capital Assets* – The accounting treatment over property, plant, and equipment depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations. The presentation and recording of governmental assets are described below.

Capital assets, which include property, plant, equipment, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities columns in the Government-Wide Financial Statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets are recorded at estimated fair market value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Betterments and major improvements which significantly increase values, change capacities or extend useful lives are capitalized. Upon sale or retirement of fixed assets, the cost and related accumulated depreciation are removed from the respective accounts and any resulting gain or loss is included in the results of operations.

Major outlays for capital assets and improvements are capitalized as projects are constructed. Interest incurred during the construction phase of capital assets of business-type activities are included as part of the capitalized value of the assets constructed.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

Property, plant, and equipment of the primary government is depreciated using the straight line method over the following estimated useful lives:

	Years
Buildings, structures and improvements	20 - 30
Water and sewer utility plants and improvements	25 - 30
Equipment	5 - 15

*Long-Term Obligations* - In the Government-Wide Financial Statements, and Proprietary Fund types in the fund financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities, business-type activities, or Proprietary Fund Type Statement of Net Position. Debt principal payments of both government and business-type activities are reported as decreases in the balance of the liability on the Statement of Net Position.

*Net Position* - The government-wide and business-type activities fund financial statements utilize a net position presentation. Net position is categorized as net investment in capital assets, restricted and unrestricted.

- Net Investment in Capital Assets This category groups all capital assets, including infrastructure, into one component of net position. Accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balances of debt that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of these assets reduce the balance in this category.
- Restricted Net Position This category presents external restrictions on net position imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments and restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- Unrestricted Net Position This category represents net position of the District, not restricted for any project or other purpose.

*Fund Balance* – In the fund financial statements, governmental fund balance is made up of the following components:

- Nonspendable fund balance typically includes inventories, prepaid items, long-term portion of loans receivable, nonfinancial assets held for resale and other items that must be maintained intact pursuant to legal or contractual requirements, such as endowments.
- Restricted fund balance category includes amounts that can be spent only for specific purposes imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments or through enabling legislations.
- Committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Board of Directors. The Board of Directors has the authority to establish, modify, or rescind a fund balance commitment.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 1 – Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

- Assigned fund balance are amounts designated by the Board of Directors for specific purposes and do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed.
- Unassigned fund balance is the residual classification that includes all spendable amounts in the General Fund not contained in other classifications.

When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which both restricted and unrestricted (committed, assigned, or unassigned) fund balances are available, the District's policy is to apply restricted first. When expenditures are incurred for purposes for which committed, assigned, or unassigned fund balances are available, the District's policy is to apply committed fund balance first, then assigned fund balance, and finally unassigned fund balance.

*Use of Estimates* - The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments

Cash and

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2020 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments	\$ 766,476
l investments as of June 30, 2020 consist of the following:	
Deposits with Financial Institutions	\$ 51,864
County of Fresno's Pooled Cash	432,134
Local Agency Investment Fund	 282,478
Total Cash and Investments	\$ 766,476

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 2 - Cash and Investments

#### Fair Value Measurements

The framework for measuring fair value provides a fair value hierarchy that categorizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value into three levels. The fair value hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (Level 1) and lowest priority to unobservable inputs (Level 3). The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are described as follows:

Level 1: Inputs to the valuation methodology are quoted prices (unadjusted) for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that a government can access at the measurement date.

Level 2: Inputs to valuation methodology include inputs – other than quoted prices included within Level 1 – that are observable for an asset or liability, either directly or indirectly.

Level 3: Inputs to the valuation methodology are unobservable and significant to the fair value measurement.

The asset's or liability's fair value measurement level within a fair value hierarchy is based on the lowest level of any input that is significant to the fair value measurement. Valuation techniques used need to maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs.

The District is considered to be an voluntary participant in an external investment pool, which is under the direct authority of the Fresno County Treasurer and Tax Collector and governed by the California Government Code. The fair value of the District's investment in the pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by the County Treasurer for the entire portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by the County Treasurer, which is recorded on the amortized cost basis.

The District's only investments, which are allocated at fair value, are in the County of Fresno Treasurer's Investment Pool and the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). These investment pools invest in numerous types of investments ranging all levels in the fair value hierarchy. Accordingly, it is not an investment type that can be categorized in any particular level in the fair value hierarchy.

#### **Authorized Deposits and Investments**

The District's investment policy authorizes investments in the County of Fresno Treasurer's Pooled Cash Portfolio and the California Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). The District's investment policy does not contain specific provisions intended to limit its exposure to interest rate risk, credit risk, custodial risk, and concentration of credit risk.

#### **Disclosures Relating to Interest Rate Risk**

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in market interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. The District does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit investment maturities as a means of managing its exposure to fair value losses arising from increasing rates.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk**

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization; however, the Fresno County Pool and LAIF are not rated.

#### **Concentration of Credit Risk**

Concentration of credit risk is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the District's investment in a single issuer of securities. When investments are concentrated in one issuer, this concentration presents a heightened risk of potential loss. The District's deposit portfolio with governmental agencies, Fresno County is 56% and LAIF is 37% as of June 30, 2020, of the District's total depository and investment portfolio. The District does not have a formal investment policy that would further limit exposure to concentration of credit risk.

#### **Custodial Credit Risk**

Custodial credit risk for *deposits* is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover its deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for deposits, other than the following provision for deposits: The California Government Code requires that a financial institution secure deposits made by state or local governmental units by pledging securities in an undivided collateral pool held by a depository regulated under state law (unless so waived by the governmental unit). The market value of the pledged securities in the collateral pool must equal at least 110% of the total amount deposited by the public agencies. The District did not have cash with banks that exceeded federal depository insurance limits as of June 30, 2020.

The custodial risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of its investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of another party. The California Government Code does not contain legal or policy requirements that would limit the exposure to custodial credit risk for investments. With respect to investments, custodial credit risk generally applies only to direct investments in marketable securities. Custodial credit risk does not apply to a local government's indirect investment in securities through the use of mutual funds or government investment pools (such as the Fresno County Pool or LAIF).

#### **Fresno County Treasurer Fund**

The Fresno County Treasurer's Pooled Cash Portfolio (Pool) is a pooled investment fund program governed by the Fresno County Board of Supervisors, and administered by the Fresno County Treasurer. Investments in the Pool are highly liquid as deposits and withdrawals can be made at any time without penalty. The Pool does not impose a maximum investment limit. The Fresno County's bank deposits are either federally insured or collateralized in accordance with the California Government Code.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 2 – Cash and Investments (Continued)

#### **Investment in State Investment Pool**

The District is a voluntary participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by the California Government Code under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The fair value of the District's investment in this pool is reported in the accompanying financial statements at amounts based upon the District's pro-rata share of the fair value provided by LAIF for the entire LAIF portfolio (in relation to the amortized cost of that portfolio). The balance available for withdrawal is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis.

#### Note 3 - Accounts Receivable - Utilities, net

The accounts receivable –utilities, net balance consists of the following balances as of June 30, 2020.

		Water Waste Disposal				Total		
Accounts receivable	\$	66,682	\$	70,120	\$	136,802		
Allowance for uncollectible receivables		(2,000)		(2,000)		(4,000)		
Accounts receivable, net	\$	64,682	\$	68,120	\$	132,802		

#### Note 4 – Interfund Activities

Interfund receivables and payables consist of short-term loans resulting from regular transactions. These loans are expected to be repaid as soon as the borrowing fund has available cash resources. Individual fund interfund receivables and payables balances as of June 30, 2020 are as follows:

	D	ue From	]	Due To
General Fund	\$	-	\$	324,966
Water Fund		324,966		-
	\$	324,966	\$	324,966

The purpose of the majority of transfers is to reimburse a fund that has made expenditures on behalf of another fund. Transfers within fund types have been eliminated with the government-wide financial statements. There were no transfers in and out for the year ended June 30, 2020.

### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

### Note 5 – Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2020, was as follows:

	Balance July 1, 2019		А	dditions	Retirements	Balance June 30, 2020			
Governmental Activities									
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	68,066	\$	-	\$ -	\$	68,066		
Construction in progress		59,592		476,694	-		536,286		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		127,658		476,694			604,352		
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements		1,371,349		714,684	-		2,086,033		
Machinery and equipment		32,369		5,904			38,273		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		1,403,718		720,588			2,124,306		
Less accumulated depreciation for:									
Buildings and improvements		(748,374)		(87,080)	-		(835,454)		
Machinery and equipment		(21,968)		(1,850)			(23,818)		
Total accumulated depreciation		(770,342)		(88,930)			(859,272)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		633,376		631,658			1,265,034		
Governmental activities capital assets, net	\$	761,034	\$	1,108,352	<u>\$</u>	\$	1,869,386		
<b>Business-Type Activities</b>									
Capital assets, not being depreciated									
Land	\$	125,990	\$	-	\$ -	\$	125,990		
Construction in progress		662,194		50,536			712,730		
Total capital assets, not being depreciated		788,184		50,536			838,720		
Capital assets, being depreciated									
Buildings and improvements		5,210,148		-	-		5,210,148		
Machinery and equipment		117,216		1,498			118,714		
Total capital assets, being depreciated		5,327,364		1,498	-		5,328,862		
Less: accumulated depreciation		(2,619,530)		(172,619)			(2,792,149)		
Total capital assets, being depreciated, net		2,707,834		(171,121)			2,536,713		
Business-type activities capital assets, net	\$	3,496,018	\$	(120,585)	<u>\$                                    </u>	\$	3,375,433		

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 5 – Capital Assets (Continued)

Depreciation expense was charged to the following functions in the Statement of Activities:

Governmental Functions:	
General Government	\$ 88,930
Business-Type Functions:	
Water	\$ 86,366
Waste Disposal	 86,253
	\$ 172,619

#### Note 6 – Long-Term Debt

Long-term debt at June 30, 2020, consisted of the following:

	Balance July 1, 2019		Additions		Retirements		Balance ts June 30, 2020		Current Portion	
Business-Type Activities Long Term Debt										
Department of Water Resources Loan	\$	70,800	\$	-	\$	8,850	\$	61,950	\$	8,850
John Deere Capital Lease		3,877		-		2,558		1,319		1,319
Total Business-Type Activities Debt	\$	74,677	\$	-	\$	11,408	\$	63,269	\$	10,169

Long-term debt payable at June 30, 2020 was comprised of the following individual issues:

**Department of Water Resources Loan** – In July 2006 the district entered into a loan payable for \$177,000 with the State of California Department of Water Resources to fund improvements to the district water facilities. The loan is payable in semi-annual payments of \$4,425 on July 1 and January 1, each year beginning July 1, 2006 for a period of 20 years. The loan is non-interest bearing. Water revenues were pledged to guarantee the loan.

**John Deere Capital Lease** – In January 2016 the district entered into a capital lease agreement for \$11,832 with John Deere Financial to finance the acquisition of diesel equipment for use in the district facilities. The lease is payable in monthly payments of \$226 starting January 21, 2016 and ending December 21, 2020 with a \$1 purchase option at the end of the lease term.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

#### Note 6 – Long-Term Debt (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the principal and interest on long-term debt at June 30, 2020 were as follows:

Years ending June 30,	<u>Pr</u>	Principal			
2021	\$	10,169	\$	22	
2022		8,850		-	
2023		8,850		-	
2024		8,850		-	
2025-2027		26,550		-	
	\$	63,269	\$	22	

#### Note 7 – Risk Management

The District is exposed to various risks of loss to torts; theft of, damage of, and destruction of assets; errors and ommissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters. The District carries all its insurance coverage over these risks and also for Workers' Compensation through the Special Districts Risk Management Authority (SDRMA). The District retain risk of loss, depending on type of occurrence, of up to \$2,000.

#### Note 8 – Deficit Fund Balance

The District has a deficit fund balance of \$339,471 in the General Fund due to operating expenditures exceeding operating revenues over the years.

#### Note 9 – Subsequent Events

The District evaluated subsequent events for recognition and disclosure through May 20, 2021, the date which these financial statements were available to be issued. Management concluded that no material subsequent events have occurred since June 30, 2020 that required recognition or disclosure in such financial statements.

**REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION** 

#### BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2020

	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual mounts	Variance with Final Budget Positive/ (Negative)		
Revenue							
Property taxes	\$	39,800	\$	39,800	\$ 48,360	\$	8,560
Special assessments		8,000		8,000	7,244		(756)
Intergovernmental		-		-	1,142,888		1,142,888
Interest revenue		5,000		5,000	7,525		2,525
Rents		21,250		21,250	27,990		6,740
Other revenues		-		-	 1,233		1,233
Total revenue		74,050		74,050	 1,235,240		1,161,190
Expenditures							
General government		110,776		110,776	97,087		13,689
Capital outlay		60,000		60,000	 1,197,282		(1,137,282)
Total expenditures		170,776		170,776	 1,294,369		(1,123,593)
Excess of revenues over expenditures		(96,726)		(96,726)	(59,129)		37,597
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$	(96,726)	\$	(96,726)	(59,129)	\$	37,597
Fund Balance Beginning of year End of year					\$ (280,342) (339,471)		

# BRYANT L. JOLLEY

CERTIFIED PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS

Bryant L. Jolley C.P.A. Ryan P. Jolley C.P.A. Darryl L. Smith C.P.A. Luis A. Perez C.P.A. Lan T. Kimoto John P. Burt

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH *GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS*

To the Board of Directors Biola Community Services District

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the Biola Community Services District, (the "District") as of and for the year ended June 30, 2020, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise District's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated May 20, 2021.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered the Biola Community Services District's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the District's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. We did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings as item 2020-001 that we consider to be material weaknesses

#### **Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether the Biola Community Services District's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **District's Response to Findings**

The District's response to the findings identified in our audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. District's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

un for

May 20, 2021

#### SCHEUDLE OF FINDINGS AS OF JUNE 30, 2020

#### 2020-001: Internal Controls over Utility Billing Process

#### Criteria

An effective internal control system over utility billing procedures provides reasonable assurance for the safeguarding of assets and the reliability of financial information.

#### **Condition**

We reviewed the Utility Billing system application data for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2020 and determined it was incomplete. Upon further inspection, it was determined that during a troubleshooting session the software application technical support erroneously reversed one month billing cycle. The Utility Billing system is a standalone application that is used to record and track customer's utility usage, billings, and payments data. Account receivable balances are adjusted in the general ledger system (Quickbooks) at year end, therefore year end adjustments recorded in the general ledger were understated.

#### Cause

Lack of application controls over accuracy and completeness and lack of reconciliation to the general ledger.

#### Effect

Understatement of accounts receivable and utility revenue of \$37,706.

#### Recommendation

We recommend that the District implement control procedures to ensure accuracy and completeness of billing data and perform a reconciliation of application utility billing data to amounts recorded in the general ledger.

#### Management Response

The District is in search of a new utility tracking software that will integrate with the general ledger.